The following is a complete listing of all claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

Listing of claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A thermionic cathode comprising
- a crystalline emitter having a tip and a cone <u>and sides</u>, <u>wherein said cone is positioned</u> <u>between said tip and said sides</u>; and
- a carbon coating applied to [the] <u>an</u> outer surface of said cone, <u>wherein said sides of said crystalline emitter are not carbon coated</u>.
- 2. (Original) A thermionic cathode as in claim 1, wherein said crystalline emitter is single crystal Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB6).
- 3. (Original) A thermionic cathode as in claim 1, wherein said cone has a cone angle in the range of 20 to 60 degrees.
- 4. (Original) A thermionic cathode as in claim 1, wherein said carbon coating is selected from the group consisting of pyrolytic carbon and diamond-like carbon (DLC).
- 5. (Original) A thermionic cathode as in claim 1, wherein said cone has a surface microroughness and wherein said carbon coating has a thickness of a least twice said micro-roughness.
- 6. (Previously presented) A thermionic cathode as in claim 5, wherein said thickness is from 2 to $20 \ \mu m$.
- 7. (Currently amended) An improvement in a thermionic cathode having a crystalline emitter with a tip and a cone <u>and sides</u>, wherein said cone is positioned between said tip and said sides, the improvement comprising:

a carbon coating applied to an outer surface of said cone, wherein said sides of said crystalline emitter are not carbon coated.

- 8. (Original) The improvement of claim 7, wherein said crystalline emitter is single crystal Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB6).
- 9. (Original) The improvement of claim 7, wherein said cone has a cone angle in the range of 20 to 60 degrees.
- 10. (Original) The improvement of claim 7, wherein said carbon coating is selected from the group consisting of pyrolytic carbon and diamond-like carbon (DLC).
- 11. (Original) The improvement of claim 7, wherein said cone has a surface micro-roughness and wherein said carbon coating has a thickness of at least twice said micro-roughness.
- 12. (Previously presented) The improvement of claim 11, wherein said thickness is from 2 to 20 $\mu m.$
- 13. (Currently amended) An electron emission apparatus, comprising a thermionic cathode comprising

a crystalline emitter having a tip and a cone <u>and sides</u>, <u>wherein said cone is</u> <u>positioned between said tip and said sides</u>; and

a carbon coating applied to [the] <u>an</u> outer surface of said cone, <u>wherein said</u> sides of said crystalline emitter are not carbon coated;

an emitter heater; and

a support for said crystalline emitter.

14. (Original) An electron emission apparatus as in claim 13, wherein said crystalline emitter is single crystal Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB6).

- 15. (Original) An electron emission apparatus as in claim 13, wherein said cone has a cone angle in the range of 20 to 60 degrees.
- 16. (Original) An electron emission apparatus as in claim 13, wherein said carbon coating is selected from the group consisting of pyrolytic carbon and diamond-like carbon (DLC).
- 17. (Original) An electron emission apparatus as in claim 13, wherein said cone has a surface micro-roughness and wherein said carbon coating has a thickness of at least twice said micro-roughness.
- 18. (Previously presented) An electron emission apparatus as in claim 17, wherein said thickness is from 2 to 20 μm .
- 19. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a crystalline emitter for use in a thermionic cathode, comprising the step of

applying a carbon coating to an outer surface of a cone of said crystalline emitter, wherein said carbon coating is not applied to sides of said crystalline emitter which are located below said cone.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said carbon coating contains no pinholes.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said crystalline emitter is single crystal Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB6).
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said cone has a cone angle in the range of 20 to 60 degrees.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said carbon coating is selected from the group consisting of pyrolytic carbon and diamond-like carbon (DLC).

- 24. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said cone has a surface micro-roughness and wherein said carbon coating has a thickness of at least twice said micro-roughness.
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein said thickness is from 2 to 20 $\mu m.\,$